## Operational Amplifier

KM5532

## General Description

The 5532 is a dual high-performance low noise operational amplifier. Compared to most of the standard operational amplifiers, such as the 1458 , it shows better noise performance, improved output drive capability and considerably higher small-signal and power bandwidths.

This makes the device especially suitable for application in high-quality and professional audio equipment, instrumentation and control circuits, and telephone channel amplifiers. The op amp is internally compensated for gains equal to one.


PIN CONFIGURATION


## - Features

- Small-Signal Bandwidth: 10 MHz
- Output Drive Capability: $600 \Omega, 10 \mathrm{~V}_{\mathrm{RMS}}$
- Input Noise Voltage: $5.0 \mathrm{nV} / \sqrt{\mathrm{Hz}}$ (Typical)
- DC Voltage Gain: 50000
- AC Voltage Gain: 2200 at 10 kHz
- Power Bandwidth: 140 kHz
- Slew Rate: 9.0 V/us
- Large Supply Voltage Rang $\pm 3.0$ to $\pm 20 \mathrm{~V}$
- Compensated for Unity Gain
- Pb-Free Packages are Available

KM5532


Figure 1. Equivalent Schematic (Each Amplifier)

MAXIMUM RATINGS

| Rating | Symbol | Value | Unit |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Supply Voltage | $\mathrm{V}_{S}$ | $\pm 22$ | V |
| Input Voltage | $\mathrm{V}_{\text {IN }}$ | $\pm \mathrm{V}_{\text {SUPPLY }}$ | V |
| Differential Input Voltage (Note 1) | $\mathrm{V}_{\text {DIFF }}$ | $\pm 0.5$ | V |
| Operating Temperature Range | Tamb | 0 to 70 | ${ }^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ |
| Storage Temperature | $\mathrm{T}_{\text {stg }}$ | -65 to +150 | ${ }^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ |
| Junction Temperature | $\mathrm{T}_{\mathrm{j}}$ | 150 | ${ }^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ |
| Maximum Power Dissipation, $\mathrm{Tamb}=25^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ (Still-Air) | $\mathrm{P}_{\mathrm{D}}$ | 780 | mW |
| Thermal Resistance, Junction-to-Ambient | $\mathrm{R}_{\text {өJA }}$ | 182 | ${ }^{\circ} \mathrm{C} / \mathrm{W}$ |
| Lead Soldering Temperature (10 sec max) | $\mathrm{T}_{\text {sld }}$ | 230 | ${ }^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ |

Stresses exceeding Maximum Ratings may damage the device. Maximum Ratings are stress ratings only. Functional operation above the Recommended Operating Conditions is not implied. Extended exposure to stresses above the Recommended Operating Conditions may affect device reliability.

1. Diodes protect the inputs against overvoltage. Therefore, unless current-limiting resistors are used, large currents will flow if the differential input voltage exceeds 0.6 V . Maximum current should be limited to $\pm 10 \mathrm{~mA}$.

## KM5532

DC ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS ( $\mathrm{T}_{\mathrm{amb}}=25^{\circ} \mathrm{C} ; \mathrm{V}_{\mathrm{S}}= \pm 15 \mathrm{~V}$, unless otherwise noted.) (Notes 2, 3 and 4 )

| Characteristic | Symbol | Test Conditions | Min | Typ | Max | Unit |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Offset Voltage | $\mathrm{V}_{\text {OS }}$ | - | - | 0.5 | 4.0 | mV |
|  | - | Overtemperature | - | - | 5.0 | mV |
|  | $\Delta \mathrm{V}_{\mathrm{OS}} / \Delta \mathrm{T}$ | - | - | 5.0 | - | $\mu \mathrm{V} /{ }^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ |
| Offset Current | los | - | - | 10 | 150 | nA |
|  | - | Overtemperature | - | - | 200 | nA |
|  | $\Delta \mathrm{l}_{\mathrm{OS}} / \Delta \mathrm{T}$ | - | - | 200 | - | $\mathrm{pA} /{ }^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ |
| Input Current | $\mathrm{I}_{\mathrm{B}}$ | - | - | 300 | 800 | nA |
|  | - | Overtemperature | - | - | 1000 | nA |
|  | $\Delta \mathrm{I}_{\mathrm{B}} / \Delta \mathrm{T}$ | - | - | 5.0 | - | $n \mathrm{~A} /{ }^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ |
| Supply Current | $\mathrm{I}_{\mathrm{CC}}$ | - | - | 8.0 | 16 | mA |
|  | - | Overtemperature | - | - | - |  |
| Common-Mode Input Range | $\mathrm{V}_{\mathrm{CM}}$ | - | $\pm 12$ | $\pm 13$ | - | V |
| Common-Mode Rejection Ratio | CMRR | - | 70 | 100 | - | dB |
| Power Supply Rejection Ratio | PSRR | - | - | 10 | 100 | $\mu \mathrm{V} / \mathrm{V}$ |
| Large-Signal Voltage Gain | Avol | $\mathrm{R}_{\mathrm{L}} \geq 2.0 \mathrm{k} \Omega ; \mathrm{V}_{\mathrm{O}}= \pm 10 \mathrm{~V}$ | 25 | 100 | - | V/mV |
|  |  | Overtemperature | 15 | - | - |  |
|  |  | $\mathrm{R}_{\mathrm{L}} \geq 600 \Omega ; \mathrm{V}_{\mathrm{O}}= \pm 10 \mathrm{~V}$ | 15 | 50 | - |  |
|  |  | Overtemperature | 10 | - | - |  |
| Output Swing | V OUT | $R_{L} \geq 600 \Omega$ | $\pm 12$ | $\pm 13$ | - | V |
|  |  | Overtemperature | $\pm 10$ | $\pm 12$ | - |  |
|  |  | $\mathrm{R}_{\mathrm{L}} \geq 600 \Omega ; \mathrm{V}_{\mathrm{S}}= \pm 18 \mathrm{~V}$ | $\pm 15$ | $\pm 16$ | - |  |
|  |  | Overtemperature | $\pm 12$ | $\pm 14$ | - |  |
|  |  | $\mathrm{R}_{\mathrm{L}} \geq 2.0 \mathrm{k} \Omega$ | $\pm 13$ | $\pm 13.5$ | - |  |
|  |  | Overtemperature | $\pm 10$ | $\pm 12.5$ | - |  |
| Input Resistance | $\mathrm{R}_{\mathrm{IN}}$ | - | 30 | 300 | - | $\mathrm{k} \Omega$ |
| Output Short Circuit Current | $\mathrm{I}_{\text {SC }}$ | - | 10 | 38 | 60 | mA |

2. Diodes protect the inputs against overvoltage. Therefore, unless current-limiting resistors are used, large currents will flow if thedifferential input voltage exceeds 0.6 V . Maximum current should be limited to $\pm 10 \mathrm{~mA}$.
3. For operation at elevated temperature, derate packages based on the package thermal resistance
4. Output may be shorted to ground at $\mathrm{V}_{\mathrm{S}}= \pm 15 \mathrm{~V}, \mathrm{~T}_{\mathrm{amb}}=25^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$. Temperature and/or supply voltages must be limited to ensure dissipation rating is not exceeded.

## KM5532

- AC ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS ( $\mathrm{T}_{\mathrm{amb}}=25^{\circ} \mathrm{C} ; \mathrm{V}_{\mathrm{S}}= \pm 15 \mathrm{~V}$, unless otherwise noted.)

| Characteristic | Symbol | Test Conditions | Min | Typ | Max | Unit |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Output Resistance | ROUT | $\begin{gathered} \mathrm{A}_{\mathrm{V}}=30 \mathrm{~dB} \text { Closed-loop } \\ \mathrm{f}=10 \mathrm{kHz}, \mathrm{R}_{\mathrm{L}}=600 \Omega \end{gathered}$ | - | 0.3 | - | $\Omega$ |
| Overshoot | - | Voltage-Follower $\begin{gathered} \mathrm{V}_{\mathrm{IN}}=100 \mathrm{mV} \mathrm{P}_{\mathrm{P}-\mathrm{P}} \\ \mathrm{C}_{\mathrm{L}}=100 \mathrm{pF} ; \mathrm{R}_{\mathrm{L}}=600 \Omega \end{gathered}$ | - | 10 | - | \% |
| Gain | $A_{V}$ | $\mathrm{f}=10 \mathrm{kHz}$ | - | 2.2 | - | $\mathrm{V} / \mathrm{mV}$ |
| Gain Bandwidth Product | GBW | $\mathrm{C}_{\mathrm{L}}=100 \mathrm{pF} ; \mathrm{R}_{\mathrm{L}}=600 \Omega$ | - | 10 | - | MHz |
| Slew Rate | SR | - | - | 9.0 | - | V/ $\mu \mathrm{s}$ |
| Power Bandwidth | - | $\begin{gathered} \mathrm{V}_{\mathrm{OUT}}= \pm 10 \mathrm{~V} \\ \mathrm{~V}_{\text {OUT }}= \pm 14 \mathrm{~V} \\ \mathrm{R}_{\mathrm{L}}=600 \Omega \\ \mathrm{~V}_{\mathrm{CC}}= \pm 18 \mathrm{~V} \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{aligned} & - \\ & - \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 140 \\ & 100 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & - \\ & - \end{aligned}$ | kHz |

ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS $\left(T_{a m b}=25^{\circ} \mathrm{C} ; \mathrm{V}_{\mathrm{S}}= \pm 15 \mathrm{~V}\right.$, unless otherwise noted.)

| Characteristic | Symbol | Test Conditions | Min | Typ | Max | Unit |
| :--- | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Input Noise Voltage | $\mathrm{V}_{\text {NOISE }}$ | $\mathrm{f}_{\mathrm{O}}=30 \mathrm{~Hz}$ | - | 8.0 | - | $\mathrm{nV} / \sqrt{\mathrm{Hz}}$ |
|  |  | $\mathrm{f}_{\mathrm{O}}=1.0 \mathrm{kHz}$ | - | 5.0 | - |  |
| Input Noise Current | $\mathrm{I}_{\text {NOISE }}$ | $\mathrm{f}_{\mathrm{O}}=30 \mathrm{~Hz}$ | - | 2.7 | - | $\mathrm{pA} / \sqrt{\mathrm{Hz}}$ |
|  |  | $\mathrm{f}_{\mathrm{O}}=1.0 \mathrm{kHz}$ | - | 0.7 | - |  |
| Channel Separation | - | $\mathrm{f}=1.0 \mathrm{kHz} ; \mathrm{R}_{\mathrm{S}}=5.0 \mathrm{k} \Omega$ | - | 110 | - | dB |

Marking

| Marking | 5532 |
| :--- | :--- |



Closed-Loop Frequency Response


Voltage-Follower

Figure 2. Test Circuits

## KM5532

■ TYPICAL PERFORMANCE CHARACTERISTICS


Figure 3. Open-Loop Frequency
Response


Figure 4. Closed-Loop Frequency
Response


Figure 7. Input Bias Current


Figure 5. Large-Signal Frequency Response


Figure 8. Input Common-Mode Voltage Range


Figure 9. Supply Current


Figure 10. Input Noise Voltage Density

